THE EXPRESS AND TRIBUNE.

The New York Express, a Whig paper, contains anarticle in relation to the position of the Whig party on the "Compromise," from which we make the

following extracts: "READING OUT OF THE PARTY. The question is, shall we shuffle off such sure Whig States as North Carolina, Whig States as Georgia and Louisiana, what !-we cannot exactly foresee. Such an Whig as Humphrey Marshall, with Kentucky ble Whig back his position, we do see, read out of the Whig party; and such a veteran Whig as Meredith P. entry, with Tennessee certain to stand by him, sation. ithout any sort of ceremony, the Northern quasi bolition journals pitch over such hard working Whigs as leaded soldier in the cause as Christopher Williams, d Tennesssee,—such men as Moore and Landry, of Louisiana,—such men as Outlaw, of North Carolina, with numerous others, who either directly express to be their solemn duty to insist upon the finality the Compromise measures, or who, because of that absence of expression, have absented themselves of late from Whig assemblages in Washington, * *

the Laws." It is well known in Washington, we gentlemen on various motions until the hour of adhear, that one of the causes which prompted the renear, mad one the Southern Whigs, were paragraphs such as these, the first appearing but a few days ago, and the second only some days before :-

[From the New York Tribune.] REVIVAL OF BUSINESS. The directors of the Underground Railroad report to us the passage, through our city, last Monday, of furty-one human chattles, from the land of the slave-whip and coffle, on a pilgrimage to the North Star. They are now all safely landed in Canada, where they have ceased to be stray cattle, and become men, women and children, no more to be subjected to the auction block and brand. They report the railroad in excellent order, and doing a safe mittee, acted upon amendments to the Homestead bill. and increasing business. [From the New York Tribune.]

"Do you fancy that the great body of our Northern people will ever help you to catch your runaway

Constitution of the country, and then to read whigs recognized Whig principle, viz: "the Constitution consistent; for it is quite certain, the oftener such paragraphs as the above have support in whig journals, the oftener it is proper for whigs to affirm they will maintain the Constitution in letter and in spirit, and faithfully execute the laws."

To this article the Tribune, also a whig paper, replies at some length. The Tribune says:

"It would be an arduous (though not impossible) undertaking to elect a Whig President by the votes of Free States alone. We would rather not have a sectional contest. Yet, if the choice should be forced upon us, we can do without the Slave States likely togo Whig better than without New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, and those morally certain to go with them. Gen. Harrison had votes enough from the Free States to elect him, and Gen. Taylor would have had had he stood on the Wilmot Proviso.

But we would not have the Whig party made secsectional questions alone. To foist a pro-Slavery or anti-Slavery article into the creed of a National party is to weaken and probably di ude it. True, we are perpetuate his fame. passage of a Compromise resolve by the Whig Con- rillo's Mother and Child. gressional Caucus and its rejection by the other)—

We went, of ceurse, to the studio of the sculptor and we shall drive away some Whigs by it. If we Crawford, whose colossal statutes of Parick Henry can't agree to let our Slavery differences alone, we can't expect to agree on any other basis.

The Whig party has repeatedly and formally pro-claimed its creed-Protection to Home Industry, River and Harbor Improvements, a sound National Currency, a limitation of Executive Power-but never attempted to frame nor professed to have a common faith with respect to Slavery. It has always expressly or impliedly invited all who agreed with it in these avowed principles to co-operate with it in the Elections. To interpolate into its creed a pro-Slavery or anti-Slavery article is to treat with bad faith those in its ranks who cannot subscribe to that article. It is to invite them into our house as friends and guests, and then kick them out because of differ-

ences of faith. But The Express says the whigs will insist on a redeclaration of our old whig principle, "the Congems. stitution and the Laws." Nobody will object to that, if it means that the Laws must be enforced and obeyed ;-our Whig State Convention of 1850, from which The Express bolted, did that-but it never was a Whig principle that a law of Congress might not be was for Millard Fillmore to give Milton Clark money to help him along when running away from Slavery. We were always Anti-Slavery and Anti-Slave-huntng; yet Southern Whigs did not object to our helpng elect Taylor nor our helping try to elect Clay. They did not ask us to stop giving utterance to our Anti-Slavery sentiments-inuch less endeavor to imquite as many slaves ran away as now, while fewer such 'aid and comfort' as we now do.

The Tribune was always Anti-Slavery as well as of the National Conventions primarily as a cheat-a Abolitionist the less thereafter than before, and not will be arbitrary and unjustifiable-it will alienate take rank among the most distinguished Sculptors of and drive away from the whigs some Anti-Slavery men, and probably throw away the Presidential election; while it will do no good to any one. The party may be run on the rocks, if it will, but not with our co-operation. If it insists on wrecking its prospects, we shall at least insist on showing how and why it

article, which are commended to the particular attention of Southern Whigs.

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN THE STATE OF NEW umbia districts elect Scott delegates. Orleans, Rich-Queen's for Scott. Niagara is for Scott by a close Scott then nominated.

other parts of the field.

Farmer's Journal,

of the late numbers of the Carolinian to be sold at Southern Whigs who have shared so much of his of any thing which may take place in the future. Aiken, S. C., by Messrs. J. C. Sproull & Co., were affection and confidence." Richmond Enquirer. some went as high as \$1,300 and \$1,400. Fayetteville Carolinian. acres.

The Chair laid before the Senate, on Wednesday the 5th, a report by the Secretary of War, of the number, compensation, and salaries of the civil officers in New Mexico.

Mr. Sumner presented resolutions of the Massachusetts legislature in favor of the establishment of a National Normal Agricultural College. Mr. Douglas reported back the bill from the House

regulating the mileage of the delegate from Oregon; which was taken up and passed. Mr. Underwood gave notice of a bill to repeal all existing laws giving compensation to members of Congress, and substituting a new system of compen-

On motion by Mr. Felch, two bills granting lands to the State of Michigan to aid in the internal imthe litter of that State were taken up and ordered whigs as C. C. Cabell, of Florida,—such a grey-provements of that State were taken up and ordered to be engrossed.

The deficiency bill was then taken up, and Mr. Hunter addressed the Senate thereon. Mr. Rusk spoke briefly in reply, and Mr. James obtained the floor, for to morrow.

After an executive session, the Senate adjourned. In the House on the same day, Mr. Seymour, of Without approving, or disapproving the movement of New York, relative to the disposition of the pub-Without approving, of disapproving the disposition of the pubmade by a post consider that daily cause is given them lief of John L. Cooper. Mr. Goodenow made varior their action, by the provoking, rabid articles of ous reports from the Committee on Naval Affairs, many of our journals. It cannot be expected that when and Mr. Fowler presented resolutions of the legislamany of our journals. It can be constitution, by jour-ture of Massachusetts on different subjects; all of on open was is that the confidence of certain dignitaries of which were appropriately disposed of. After which, our party, as the "New York Tribune," that South-our party, as the "New York Tribune," that South-our party, as the "New York Tribune," that South-the report from the Committee on Printing, relative to the printing of the mechanical portion of the Patent em Whigs was the quietry under it, or less to and Office report, came up, and was debated by many

> In the Senate on Thursday the 6th, the deficiency bill was under consideration; and the amendment proposing an increase of compensation to the Collins ine of steamers was further debated by Messrs. James, Badger, Rusk, Bell, Jones, of Tennessee, Hale, Shields, and Pratt. No question was taken. In the House of Representatives the resolution to print an extra number of the mechanical portion of the Patent Office Report was re-committed to the Committee on Printing, with the instructions moved on Wednesday by Mr. Clingman. The House, in com-

In the Senate, on Friday the 7th, bills granting land to the States of Alabama and Florida, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in these States, negroes? If you do, you are jolly green, that's all. were ordered to a third reading. The debate on the We tell you frankly that we won't, and you rail at amendment to the Deficiency bill was again continus therefor; but there are thousands all around us who ued. A motion by Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, to redetest slave catching as heartily as we do, and will duce the compensation for each trip from \$33,000 to take precious good care to have nothing to do with \$25,000, was rejected-yeas 21, nays 28. A motion to strike out \$33,000 a trip and insert an allowance Now, first to publish such denunciations of the of all the postages derived on mails brought by this line in addition to the present allowance, was rejecout of the party for reaffirming a hitherto universally | ted-yeas 9, nays 38. An amendment authorizing Congress to discontinue the extra allowance after Deand the laws," is certainly very harsh, if not very cember, 1854, upon giving six months notice, was agreed to. Without any final vote on the subject, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Stanton of Kentucky, made a report from the Committee on Printing, the consideration of which was postponed until Wednesday next. The House spent some time in Committee of the Whole in the consideration of private bills; and subsequently adjourned until Mon-

AMERICAN ARTISTS IN ROME. Thurlow Weed rites from Rome as follows:

" We have visited the studios of Freeman and Tery, American painters who have been long enough in Rome to establish a high Italian reputation. With Mr. Freeman's success I am much gratified, for he is professionally and personally a man of decided worth. As an artist he aimed high, but by long and devoted study and labor he has attained his mark. tional; and the plain way to avoid it is by its letting He goes home in May, taking with him two large pictures, (both of which are sold) which have been greatly admired here, and will assuredly extend and not likely to be driven away from the Whig party; successful here. Like Freeman, he only paints origiwe see that we can better subserve the ends we meditate nal pictures. For his best picture (Jacob's Dream) by holding on; but a great many who do not see as he has orders that will require several years to exewe do will be repelled by a Compromise timber in cute. Mr. Chapman, another American painter, is deour party platform, no matter how placed there. We voting himself successfully to his art. His studio is shall gain no Loco-Foco to our side by the dodge- adorned with several beautiful heads, either finished (witness the late vote of Virginia on the heel of the or in progress. He is also making a copy of Mu-

> and Thomas Jefferson, ordered by the Legislature of Virginia to grace a monument at Richmond, are exciting universal admiration. They are indeed noble conceptions, and noble creations, worthy in all respects of the illustrious Statesmen whose forms and fame they are destined to perpetuate. These figures, together with an equestrian statue of Washington, are to be cast in bronze at Munich.

> Mr. Story, of Boston, son of the late eminent Justice Story, is here working upon a model for a statute of his father.

> Mr. Mosher, of New-York, a sculptor of decided genius, is rising, like most of the American artists here, to usefulness and fame. Mr. Wood, another sculptor, has just finished an excellent marble bust of our townsman, Mr. De Witt, who will avail himself of his visit to Europe to gather up a good many

I am gratified to see that our Artists here are profiting handsomely by the taste and liberality of wealthy Americans who have been in Italy during the present year. It is quite time that more should be done in this way, to embellish both our public edifirepealed or modified by that body. Nor is it any more a "war on the Constitution" for The Tribune now to include in the commendable luxury. And a now to indulge in the commendable luxury. And a to rejoice at the escape of slaves into freedom than it visit to Italy cannot fail to beget and cultivate a taste

for Art. The English and American families here have beguiled the winter with private Theatricals, under the especial auspices of Mr. and Mrs. Black, at whose mansion we saw the "Merchant of Venice" played with much dramatic spirit and effect the other evening. Among the Dramatis Personæ were Mr. and Mrs. pose upon us any pro-Slavery Shibboleth. In those Story, Mr. John G. Lowell and Mr. and Mrs. Crawdays, they were willing to 'live and let live,' though ford, and a Mr. Hemans, son of the gifted Authoress. I have seen the works of Gibson, the best English were retaken-and we rendered the slave-hunters just | Sculptor, and those of Powers and Crawford, the best American workers in marble. Than these three Artists, there are none in Italy of higher, if of equal Whig; it probably always will be both. We object merit. And yet, sublime and beautiful as are the to the passage of a 'Compromise' resolve in either creattons of these men, there is an American, now comparatively unknown, who is destined to equal if gulltrap-a tub to the whale. There will not be one not surpass them all. This is our townsman, Pal-Abolitionist the less thereafter than before, and not one will be overawed or silenced. Such a measure with works of the great masters before him, to

the age. We are glad to hear that Mr. CLAY is better. On Sunday last, as we learn from a correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Mr. CLAY "asked Dr. Jackson, of Philadelphia, whether his death would be a painful one, and whether it would not be by suf-The Tribune has told some home truths in this focation-which he had feared. Dr. Jackson rethat it would be perfectly easy, that his nervous energies were entirely destroyed, and nature would yield without a struggie. Mr. CLAY has been perfectly cheerful throughout his protracted illness, and YORK. It is said that Erie county, the home of Mr. is still calm and in full possession of his mental fac-Fillmore, has chosen a majority of Fillmore delegates ulties. He talks of death with no regret of its apulties. He talks of death with no regret of its apat the primary meetings. The Washington and Col- proach. He has neither expected to recover, nor expressed any anxiety for it. He was anxious, for some mond, King's and Suffolk are for Fillmore, and weeks, to get to the Senate chamber once more, intending to express his views on the subject of intervote. At one of the meetings, Fillmore and the com- vention; but this was denied to him. He has left doctrines and measures that would involve the country in foreign broils or in domestic dissensions, and Grass Under Trees. By sowing nitrate of soda is ready to depart. It is not to be lamented that he in small quantities, in showery weather, under trees, will not live to witness the denationalization of a most beautiful verdure will be obtained. I have used it under beach trees in my grounds, and the grass always looks green. Having succeeded so well on a small scale. I have now some principles the abandonment, by the Whig party. of the flection for a whole day. For this purpose, keep some ting odors greatly lessened.

Will not live to witness the denationalization of the grast political party of whose principles he even if it be but a single sentence. A short parable; the membrane of the nose becomes thickened, able; the membrane of the nose becomes thickened, graph will often afford you a profitable source of reflection for a whole day. For this purpose, keep some ting odors greatly lessened.

Miles on Teeth. a small scale, I have now sown nitrate of soda among Compromise measures, which he believed to be esthe grass in the plantations, which cattle could never sential to the preservation of the Union; that he will that you may lay your hand upon it any moment when eat. I now find that the herbage is preferred to the other parts of the field of another parts of the field of not live to see civil qualifications again discarded, and his own advice scouted, in the selection of a cannot only not capable of advising them himself, but not only not capable of advising them himself, but one of the name of HIGH PRICES FOR NEGROES. We learn from the heraw Gazette that the perroes advertised in con-

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

NEW YORK, May 6. The steamship Europa arrived here to-day, having left Liverpool on the 24th ultimo. She brings fifty-two passengers, among whom is Mr. Fergus O'Connor, the member of Parliament for Nottingham, in England.

A journal at Vienna contradicts the statement that conference is to be held at London respecting the Danish succession, that matter, it says, being settled. A telegraphic despatch from Vienna says that the are stopped, and that they are to be allowed to come to America.

The cholera had again broken out in Persia. In France, extensive preparations are making for the grand fete of the 10th of May at Paris. The We were awakened at about 4 o'clock, at Patrie announces officially that the President has no

intention of proclaiming the empire. The Peruvian legation at London cautions all New York, presented a resolution of the legislature ted among her possessions when she declared her independence:

On [the 22d ultimo, in the House of Commons. the subject of abolishing the stamp of newspapers and duty on advertisements came up. Milnor Gibson made a long speech in favor of abolishing all taxes on knowledge, and introduced a motion to that effect. The Chancellor of the Exchequer looked on the question as one of revenue, and could not afford to lose a million and a half per annum. At his suggestion the discussion was postponed till the 30th ult.

Cotton at Liverpool was in good demand, and had advanced an eighth. The sales of the week were is still flowing towards Mauna Kea. seventy thousand bales. Breadstuffs were in brisk demand.

McHenry's circular says that flour has advanced a sixpence, wheat one penny, and corn sixpence to a

shilling. The ship Brilliant had arrived from Australia with pounds. The ship Statesman was to sail in February with eighty thousand ounces. Twenty one vessels with emigrants from adjacent colonies, were entering the harbor of Port Phillip when the Brilliant sailed. The sloop-of-war Orestes captured the Spanish slaver Mozambique, after a desperate resistance. Ship Futtah, Salaam, left Madras on the 3d of December, with two hundred and thirty four native emigrants for Mauritius. During a gale on the 23d, while the hatches were battened down, every one of them per-

ished with suffocation. A remarkable statement appears in the London sia answered this circular on the 18th and Russia on | be as harmless as on a former occasion. the 29th of February. The tenor of both replies is, To this account from its correspondent the Polythat the two powers looked upon the design neither nesian adds : with favor nor hostility; that they believed he is dismonarch, and not as the founder of a Napoleonic dynasty. Napoleon is about holding a camp of exercise of sixty thousand men under his own command.

To the politician who looks at the ends sought after by party moves rather than at the mere words in which ad captandum resolutions are couched, the much opposed as ever to any amendrant to the con- have lately agitated the republic. stitution, at the same time that they were still more Every c be submitted to the people as a first step, is no doubt

body of all parties have no interest in being deceived. statement. If from our humble endeavors they should be enabled to see how the thing stands we know that they will act as becomes them. Should they not, our "advice" whether the use of tobacco is injurious to the teeth we do not pretend to offer it.

different sections.

Washington Union, emerged.

Whig party, of principle to expediency; that he will furnish his family with suitable books and newspa-Cheraw Gazette that the negroes advertised in some obliged to exclaim against the treachery even of the late numbers of the Carelinian to the order of the present, or from having any knowledge or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present, or from having any knowledge the establishment of a new Post Office, to be located or of the present of the p

for the 160 acre scrip, \$67 for 80 acres, \$35 for 40 fodder brought \$1,30 per hundred.

VOLCANIC ERUPTION. The San Francisco papers of March 27th contain intelligence from Honolulu to the 10th of that month. There had been another eruption of Mauna Loa, the

Hawaiian volcano, of which the following account is published in an extra from the Polynesian office, dated on the 8th of March: HILO, February 21, 1852.

On the 17th instant, at 20 minutes past 3, A. M., a small beacon light appeard on the summit of Mauna day. prosecutions against the mother and sisters of Kossuth | Loa. This light increased until it looked like a rising up against the heavens, and a general burst of bloodred fusion poured out of the same orifice apparently

fire, but on rising we soon perceived that the whole els against proceeding to the Islands of Lobos De summit of the mountain was irradiated, and that a Tieira, and Lobos Fuera Guana, without permission from the Peruvian government, under penalty of confiscation. J. Wentworth Butler has written a letter tain so rapidly that in two hours we judged its progto the London Times denying that the guano islands ress to have been fifteen miles, the whole lava glarof Lobos belong to Peru, as they were not enumera- ing with great brilliancy. This flow continued through

no smoke by day, and no fire by night. This lateral crater soon became intensely active, pouring out a gory flood, which reached the base of not desire an exciting one. the mount. At first the stream shot directly towards Hilo; but, meeting some obstacle near the foot of the mount, it direction was changed to the north, and it

A vast area between the mountains is already filled the bowels of Pluto were being disgorged. While I to Canada. write our whole atmosphere is filled with lurid smoke, gold valued at two hundred and seventeen thousand through which the sun looks down upon us with a to the Congressional Convention of this district reyellow and baleful light.

The horizon is hung in murky drapery : detonations, like distant thunder, are heard from the mountain, and capilliform filaccous vitrefactions are filling Taylor and removed by Mr. Fillmore. our streets. Monday, 23. The eruption is still internally ac-

tive. The fiery flood is still in the upper region of the woods and the smoke is great. HILO, February 26, 1852.

I add a line to the above to inform you that up to this date the action of the late eruption is undiminished. Truly our island is on fire. A line from Mr. Times respecting the course to be pursued by Aus- Coan informs me that he passed within five or six tria, Prussia and Russia, in the event of Louis Na- miles of a stream of lava yesterday, which was burnpoleon assuming the title of Emperor. The substance ing its path through the woods in the direction of of it is, that Prince Scharsinborg has addressed cir- Puna. This action on the mountains was more inculars to the European courts expressing his con- tense last night than it has been since the morning of viction that Napoleon is about to erect an imperial the 17th. I need not add that we are all deeply interthrone, and adding that Austria felt no slarm, and ested in knowing when, and where, and how, this advocating the claims of the President to the friend- fiery flood is to reach the sea. The locality of its traordinary energy, he concentrated them all in his idolship and alliance of the respective governments. Prus- source almost precludes the hope that its progress can

By advices from Hilo to the 2d instant we further was aiming to separate the powers, in order to prove woods to within fifteen miles of Hilo, and that it was hereafter, by that separation, that the three powers, still progressing. The current was not so rapid as at eror if elected to that office, but merely as an elected it would ultimately reach the sea and discharge itself a home where the welcome was next to that of his own. into the bay of Hilo.

it was almost as light as day.

DEMOCRACY OF THE NORTH. in the South to witness the truly national grounds oc- ing man, was charmed away by the tender assiduities of whole affair is perfectly plain. The Whig party or cupied by our democratic brethren in the non-slave-its leaders opposed Equal Suffrage with a violent op-holding States. With here and there an individual child. position. It succeeded, so far as to demonstrate its exception, the great mass of the democracy are withhold on the popular mind. The leaders remained as out suspicion or reproach on the great questions that

opposed to Democratic ascendency in the State. They dency-Cass of Michigan, Douglas of Illinois, Buchwhile thus defeating all reasonable and conservative of the South, and the constitutional guarantees by FATETTEVILLE, May 8. Cotton 72 to 8 cents; cotnever be called, at the same time that its calling is sions. They have always been standing on the plat- on hoof 7 to 8 cents; butter 25 to 30 cents. the grand hobby at the West. That portion of the form of the constitution, and it is a proud triumph for seventh resolution which declares that that the question of "Convention" or "No Convention" should of the States they represent stand by and sustain them.

What whig statesman in those northern or western desire no reform-not even that of Equal Suffrage- list of all the great names in that party, from the Misthat the whole fabric, even to the basis, needs remo- cedents and present position on the slavery question 123 cents. deling, and that the people will vote for a convention, are satisfactory to the South. We challenge a com-

and cannot endorse such ambidextrous manœuvres as at Richmond, and declared that the whigs of the North of 12,000 bushels southern yellow at 64 a 65. those which the Whig wire-pullers are busy execut- were not to be trusted on the slavery question. We ing. The great body of that party-like the great have a thousand things to confirm the truth of this D. C. FREEMAN, N. Y. Louisiana Courier.

EFFECTS OF USING TOBACCO. It is frequently asked

would rather prejudice than benefit our cause, and and the health. In answer to which the inquirer may be respectfully invited to turn to his Cyclopædia, Equal Suffrage is, in truth, the real issue-not that and when he reads of the powerful principles it conof a Convention. The evident desire of the Whig tains, namely, empyrneumaticoil and nicotina, the leaders is to defeat all amendments, and at the same action of both of which is highly poisonous-(a drop time to do it by an affectation of ultra republicanism, of the former placed on the tongue excites convulsions careless of the fact that they are applying a spark and comalethargic drowsiness, and may prove fatal which may yet kindle into a fire dangerous to the in a few minutes, and a quarter of a drop of the latter peace of the State and ruinous to the equality of its will kill a rabit, and a drop a dog,) will he not rather Wilmington Journal. inquire how it can be otherwise than most injurious, not only to the teeth and gums, but indirectly, if not in lets to suit Dealers or Consumers, on reasonable terms The whig party is irrevocably and finally commit- obviously, to every part of the frame? Beyond an for Cash, or in exchange for Naval Stores or other Pro- Josiah E. Lankford and others, vs. George W. Jones ted against the compromise policy, whatever General unsightly discoloration of the teeth, and an empyneu- duce. Scott may say about it. The most active and the matical infection of the breath, of those accustomed most influential members of the whig party admit to use of this narcotic acid poison, its deletrious effect the City of New York, Office 192, FRONT STREET, openly, with Mr. Washburn, that upon the ground of the finality of the Compromise the whigs cannot carry a single northern State. The reason is plain. The northern democracy have preoccupied that ground, now hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow hold the track, and mean to hold it. The whigh cannot cannow have a last to use of this narconic acid poison, its celetrious effect that publication be detected; but after any not a considerable period be detected; but after any not a co party at the North abjures the obligation of the Com- tion, when employed in excess or incautiously. Its promise, and looks to further anti-slavery agitation- action on the heart or probably the nerves of the heart, carried, if need be, even to the length of a sectional can- manifest in an intemperate and excessive use of tovass—as their sole method of getting into power. bacco, by smoking a number of pipes and segars, has If they prevail at all, it will be upon this most odious caused death. Under the action of the nervous sysand perilous ground; and nothing that Gen. Scott or any other whig candidate will be permitted to write general quickness of the course of the blood, are will in the slightest degree turn the whig majority quickened or retarded. All irritants and stimulants from this fixed and determined course. Assuming urge and force to a more vehement, and, consequentplied that his death would not be by suffocation, that Gen. Scott is to write anything about the Com- ly a more rapid outlay of the strength or capacity for promise, the single question as to the form of his let- exertion; and it is an invariable law of organization, ter at this time is, how it can be shaped so as to that outlay is succeeded by depression, and whatever catch southern votes, and yet leave him free to per- unduly depresses, whether resulting originally from mit the anti-slavery whig leaders of the North to a stimulant, a narcotic, a sedative or any other powcontrol his administration. If the southern whigs erful principle, has the effect of lessening improperly can be caught in so plain a gull-trap as this-if they the action of the heart and arteries; and it is on this chants and others on the most favorable terms. can be cheated by a scheme so transparent that the account that neither intoxicating drinks, nor tobacco, sun shines through it-then it may be fairly said that nor any thing else producing an effect which issues they will have done much to deserve the fate that in depression, can be recommended for the promotion will await their section. The worst of the case will of health and longevity. I would therefore strongly be, that in such an event the tranquillity and safety recommend abstinence from the use of tobacco in all promise were voted down by a two-thirds vote, and dying injunctions to his countrymen, against all the of the country will be placed in even a more fearful or any of its forms; not only on the ground of its peril than that from which they have but recnetly rendering the teeth unsightly and the breath disagreeable, but because it is clear to a demonstration, that it finally depresses the natural powers. Its use even READING. Make it a rule to read a little every day, in the forms of snuffs and errhines is very objection-

A GOOD THING FROM AMOS KENDALL. It has not

Whilst he was Postmaster General, the people between two localities called by the rather odious names of ' Polecat' and ' Stinking Quarter.' The ap-\$905. A few sold as low as from \$700 to \$800, and some went as high as \$1,300 and \$1,400.

HIGH PRICES. At a public sale near this place on plicants being unable to agree among themselves as to the name of their new office, referred that point to for the 160 agree serie \$67 for 80 agree \$25 for 40. Mr. Kendall. He promptly established the office, and

TELEGRAPHED FOR THE STANDARD.

WASHINGTON, May 11, 1852. Atkin, Geo. W. In the Senate, vesterday, Mr. Bayard spoke for and Mr. Wade against the proposed relief to the Coll- Avery, Wm. ins line of steamers. In the House the homestead bill was under consideration the greater portion of the Belvin, John

Seven Districts of New York have thus far elect-Breadlooe, Betty Miss moon. In half an hour brilliant columns of lava shot ed Delegates to the Whig National Convention. Blake, Richard Three of the Delegates, of the seven, are persons Bridgers, Thomas D. Body, Catherine who were removed from office by Mr. Fillmore on Brown, Elizabeth We were awakened at about 4 o'clock, and saw a account of their hostility to the execution of the fu- Barker, Plyer glare of light streaming through the windows. Our gitive-slave law; and all seven are against Fillmore first thought was that some building near us was on Bryant, Ruffin L. and for Scott. Buffaloe, John

No change in Mr. Clay's health.

Mr. Clay's Health.

WASHINGTON, May 7th. Mr, Clay feels the genia Chavis, William influence of these balmy breezes of May. A few the day, but with decreasing energy. It became days since he expressed to his physician an apprehen- Clark, J. W. sluggish at night, and the next day, or after twenty- sion that as his debility increased he might not be Clark, Jno. B. four hours, no traces were visible from the station; able to rally strength to throw off the accumulated Clark, J. N. phlegm, and thus die of strangulation. Dr. Hall as-At 6 o'clock, A. M., on the 20th, yesterday, we sured him that his decline would be so gradual that Dupree, D. D. perceived fire issuing from the side of the mountain toward Hilo, and about half way down the mount. ceiving his dissolution. This assurance was most Ellington, J. F. gratifying to him. I welcome death, said he, but do Edwards, Weldon

Performances of Lola Montez-Scott Men selected as

Delegates.
Albany, May 6, 1852. Lola's audience last night was about two-thirds in number to what it was the Gaurden, Green Mrs. with fire, and the scene by night is one of terrible first night. There was very little enthusiasm. Among Gafford, Caroline M. Mrs. sublimity. The red hot lava still rolls out of the sudience was the Hon. Wm. H. Seward. To-side of the mountain in awful floods. It seems as if

Hudson, Temperance The election to-day, in this city, for whig delegates Henry, Henrietta House, S. V. sulted in the choice of nearly every Scott man. Lewis Benedict will be the delegate to the National Con-Herring, L. W. Hunnyeut, Green

MARRIEB.

In this County, on Tuesday 27th of April, by the Rev. T. G. Whitaker, Mr. Wm. H. Pope to Miss Harriet

DIED. On the 16th day of April last, at his residence near ivingston, Mississippi, of a Chronic disease, Figures Lisbon, servant of Mrs. Yates, William Lowe, Esq., formerly of this State, in the 61st year of

his age. ing under his own control his fortune, which consisted only of his enterprise, unceasing perseverance, and exized occupation of farming. In 1840, he removed to the State of Mississippi, and became and died a large and

wealthy planter. Throughout his whole life, as well in poverty as affluence, he carried a generous heart, and bore an open hand posed to follow the foreign policy of his uncle, and learn that the stream of lava had burnt through the for the needs of the poor. He was a true lover of hospitality, and dispensed it without stint or grudge. To his latest breath his heart warmed for his native State; and acting in concert, could keep him in check. Russia first, but it is gradually filling up all the inequalities every citizen of North Carolina, who chanced to be calland Prussia, however, would recognize him as emp- of the ground, and it was supposed at that date that ed to the vicinity in which he lived, found and enjoyed

The Church (Methodist) to which he was attached, The light at night was very brilliant, and at Hilo had in him a liberal contributor, and a sincere believer. Sinking gradually to the grave in the midst of his family, all the comforts which dutiful and sorrowing servants could administer were his; and all of pain and anguish It is gratifying, exceedingly gratifying, to us here that gentle woman could remove from the brow of a dy-

The Tarborough Southerner is requested to copy.

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, May 8. Markets generally quiet, and have, therefore, hit upon this expedient of a conven-tion, which, if successful, will virtually affect one of Pierce of New Hampshire, Stockton of New Jersey, lot of 64 barrels Turpentine sold this morning at \$2 55 their objects—the defeat of Equal Suffrage—since it will arrest it in mid progress, and render its accomplisment almost impossible for half a generation. And plisment almost impossible for half a generation. And

progression-all, indeed, which is practicable, with- which those institutions are protected. They do not, ton yarn, No. 5 to 10, 15 cents per lb.; feathers 32 to 35 out turmoil, danger and excitement—they declaim like Fillmore and Webster, date their orthodoxy on cents; flour \$4 25 to \$4 75; corn 85 to 90 cents; like demagogues upon the superior republicanism of this subject from the adoption of the Compromise, wheat 85 to 90; oats 40 to 50 cents; lard 11½ to 12½ a convention, which they assure us down here can when it became expedient to make patriotic profes-Sents; salt, per sack, \$1 50; wool, 18 to 20 cents; bee

PETERSBURG, May 8. Tobacco.-This article remains quite animated, under the advance noticed in our last report. On yesterday the breaks were well attended, when 133 hhds. were sold at prices, we think, a shade intended to be used as a powerful electioneering in- States, where there is a constant struggle between better than the preceding day's sales. Common Lugs strument in the next election-in the East it will be the friends of the constitution and the disciples of 21 a \$31; good do. 31 a \$41; common leaf 4 a \$52; contended that the people want no convention and fanaticism, can the same be said of? Look over the good 6 a \$7\frac{1}{2}; fine 8\frac{1}{2} a \$12\frac{1}{2}; extra fine 15 a \$18. An active demand for cotton, and market almost bare-sales and that therefore the popular vote will be against a souri to the Atlantic, and from Pennsylvania to the of prime at 81 cents; sales of corn at 621 cents per convention, while at the West it will be contended Canada line, and not one can be found whose ante- bushel; flour \$4 25; bacon, drooping-Va. hog round

NEW YORK, May 7. Cotton continues quiet, with and that a convention will shortly be called and a new order of things initiated. We are Democrats—Lo
The whigs in the slaveholding States are beginning our slock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms

A 25 for State and \$4 27.84 56 for southern Rue. cofocos as our Fayetteville cotemporary would elegantly denominate us—but we are no demagogues—
we like straight forward action and plain dealing—
ginia, refused to accept a seat in the whig convention
of 12 000 hysbels southern vellow at 64 a 65.

> FREEMAN & HOUSTON, Wholesale & Retail Merchants, WILMINGTON, N. C.

> KEEP constantly on hand a good Stock of Flour, Corn, Bacon, Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, Candles, Soap, Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Wines, Iron, Nails, Paints, Oils, Glass, Domestics, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Agricultural Implements, and a variety of other articles, suitable for

Family and Plantation Use, and the RETAIL TRADE, which they will dispose of

D. C. FREEMAN, the senior partner, is located Wilmington, May 8, 1852.

THE Board of Managers (including Officers) of the Wake Agricultural Society are requested to meet on

Wake Agricultural Society!

By order of the President, W. W. WHITAKER, Rec. Sec. May 10, 1852.

From Liverpool.

WE have just received large additions to our Stock rpooll, and are now prepared to fill orders from Mer-McRAE & HARRISS. Wilmington, N. C., May 5th, 1852. 53-tf.

MEETING of the citizens of Raleigh will be held at the Town Hall on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the approaching anniversary of our National Independence.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Raleigh, May 8th, 1852. Late Publications. OMANISM at Home; Letters to the Hon. Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the United States, by Kirwan; Notes Explanatory and Practical on the Book

WM. DALLAS HAYWOOD, Intendant.

of Revelation, by Albert Barnes. For sale at the North Carolina Book-Store, by H. D. TURNER. Raleigh, April 29th, 1852. 50--Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

LIST OF LETTERS. EMAINING in the Post Office, for the quartet ending 1st of May, 1859.

Ballard, Jno. W.

Clarke, Jno. C.

Cooke, Jas. W.

Clary, Daniel

Crous, Jas. M.

Franklin, G. B.

Grissom, Jas. A.

linton, Joshua R.

lays, Martha Miss

Hall, Charles

Jones, A. W.

Lyle, W. C.

Killyan, Gaston

W.

C.

McCauly 2 Leavy, Lemuel Lambert, W. H. & T. Austin, Miss Adeline Allen, Solomon J.

Opitz, Emin. Nut, Margaret Miss Mackling, Malcom Mackling, Wm. G. Mearis, Jas. J. McCallum, Malcom

Mooneeyham, Calvin Mooningham, Ino. M. McCulley, John F. Mitcel, N. McCullers, Lenora Motate William Murray, Miss Milla McLean, Susannah H. McAdams, Susan Price, Mary Miss

2 Puole, Rebecca Mrs. Poole, Thetney Miss Poole, & Co. J. L, Peebles, Jessy Peebles, Wm. Pollard, Caswell Perry, Thaddeus Pupord, Rictoria Prevost, Lewis Mr.

Freeman, Augustus J. Syrels, Miss Susan Spellman, J. E. P. Stewart, William Sorrell, Elizabeth Stanton, Wm. H. Smith, Claria Smith, Robert T. Smith, Robert

Sturdivant, Sarah Miss Tomlinson, Mary T. Hester, Rachel Miss Taylor, Charles J. Tucker, Nancy Hamilton, Willis G. Williams, D. S. Rev.

Wimberly, Zachariah Walton, Samuel S. Williams, Caroline Woolworth, Aaron Whitaker, Sarah Mrs. Williams, M. G.

Lucas, Lydia Persons calling for the above Letters will please say they are advertised. WM. WHITE, P. M.

Raleigh, May 10th, 1852. 53-31w. LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail. WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent Stock of Leather and Findings, for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less

price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered. All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly rom our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe

we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz : 20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair,

held in London in 1851.) 40 doz. French Skins, best quality, 40 " American Calf Skins,

90 " Lining and Binding Skins, 10 " Morocco Skins, 800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sofe Leather

50 " Band Leather, Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools. Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too' numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD, N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green

and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store. Petersburg, May 5, 1852. PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR. THYHE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the O'd North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

Our Custom Department, Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance. Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO., (Successors to N. PERRY.) Petersburg, Virginia, May 5th, 1852. 52-CTATE of North Carolina, FRANKLIN

COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.
March Term, 1852. and wife and others. Petition for division of Slaves. In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that George W. Jones and wife Mary, and Thomas

to be, and appear, at a Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Franklin aforesaid at the Court-House in the Town of Loutsburg, on the 2d Monday of June, A. D., 1852, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said Petition, or the prayer thereof will be granted and decrees made accordingly.
Witness, Young Patterson, Clerk of our said Court,

at office, the 2d Monday is March, A. D., 1852. Issued pril 27th, 1852. Y. PATTERSON, c. c. c. AApril 27th, 1852. [Pr. adv. \$5,62½] 918—w6w. Warrenton Male Academy.

THE Trustees of the Warrenton Male Academy have the pleasure to announce to the public that the Rev. of Crockery, per Burque Muskingum from Liv- SANUEL MILTON FROST, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will take charge of this Institution on the 1st Monday of July next, under an engagement made with them, for a Term of three years. Full particulars as to terms for Board, Tuition, &c., will be made known in due time.

W. N. EDWARDS. President of the Board of Trustees. Warrenton N C., April 19th, 1852. 49-41

Newly-Invented Needle Threader. THIS Instrument will be found of the atmost service to all who use Needles; but particularly to those whose sight is not very good. With its assistance, Needles of all the useful sizes can be very easily threaded, by attending to the Instructions.

For sale at the North Carolina Book Store by H. D. TURNER. Raleigh, April 29th, 1852.

D. G. LOUGEE, DEALER IN CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND FANCY GOODS, Also, Confectionary. Cegars, and Varieties.

Corner of West Centre and Chestnut St. Articles in his line bought and sold on Commission. Cash paid for Old Gold. Oanens promptly despatched. Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry neatly repaired.